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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/536,633	03/28/2000	Toshihiro Ezaki	2000-0401 A	5664
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Wenderoth Lind & Ponack LLP			POLLACK, MELVIN H	
2033 K Street NW Ste 800		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Washington, DC 20006			2141	
			DATE MAILED: 07/20/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
· Office Action Comments	09/536,633	EZAKI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Melvin H Pollack	2141			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day in and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 April 2004</u> .					
 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is 					
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2 and 7-41 is/are pending in the approximate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2 and 7-41 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☑ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 April 2004</u> is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: see attached	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Response to Arguments

- 2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 2, and 7-41 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 3. In the response to the last office action, the applicant changed the scope of the claims by adding several limitations, including but not limited to the limitations of claims 3-6, to all independent claims. Further, claims 36-41 have been added, claim 22 has been made a dependant claim, and most of the dependant claims have been amended in some form. As a result, a final amendment is necessitated even if the examiner provides a new art rejection. The examiner acknowledges that no new matter has been added by this amendment.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1, 2, and 7 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 6. Where applicant acts as his or her own lexicographer to specifically define a term of a claim contrary to its ordinary meaning, the written description must clearly redefine the claim term and set forth the uncommon definition so as to put one reasonably skilled in the art on notice that the applicant intended to so redefine that claim term. *Process Control Corp. v.*

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HydReclaim Corp., 190 F.3d 1350, 1357, 52 USPQ2d 1029, 1033 (Fed. Cir. 1999). The term "peculiar information" in claims 1, 2, 40, and 41, is used by the claim to mean "information particular to the requested file, i.e. file name and size", while the accepted meaning is "information that is abnormal, i.e. garbage data or data produced in error." The term is indefinite because the specification does not clearly redefine the term.

- 7. Claims 7-39 inherit this deficiency.
- 8. Claim 7 recites the limitation "said access state manager" in claim 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Claims 1 and 7 do not mention an "access state manager" before the aforementioned phrase. It is also unclear regarding whether the "information" is equivalent to the "information of... a band state of the network and a band state of an interface of said recording medium apparatus." The examiner will conclude that it is.
- 9. Claim 8 recites the limitation "said access state manager" in claim 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Claims 2 and 8 do not mention an "access state manager" before the aforementioned phrase.
- 10. Claims 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the elements. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted elements are: where does the access manager send the result of judgment.
- 11. Claims 12 and 13 are currently dependent on claims 5 and 6, respectively. Claims 5 and 6 have been cancelled.
- 12. Claims 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for omitting essential steps, such omission amounting to a gap between the steps.

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See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted steps are: how does the access manager receive the request for information when the access manager is clearly tasked with sending the request for information to the data manager. The examiner interprets that the applicant meant to write that "upon receiving the requested information from the data manager, said access manager is operable..."

13. Claims 30-35 do not further limit the base claims that they are dependent on, as the base claims already contain the limitations. It is considered in the office that redundant limitations are inherently indefinite. Therefore, the claims must be amended or cancelled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 14. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 15. Claims 1, 2, 7-21, 30, 31, 33, 34, and 37-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over He et al. (6,088,451) in view of Taniguchi et al. (6,445,679).
- 16. For claim 1, He teaches a network management system (abstract) comprising:
 - a. A plurality of nodes (Fig. 2, #102; col. 4, lines 1-5; user elements);
 - b. A recording medium apparatus operable to store data (col. 4, lines 55-60), said recording medium apparatus being connected to said nodes through a network (Fig. 2, #106);
 - c. A data manager (Fig. 2, #204) operable to manage physical information of the data of said recording medium apparatus (Fig. 7), peculiar information and security

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information concerning the data (Fig. 6) and system configuration information of the network (col. 10, line 60 – col. 11, line 52); and

- d. An access manager operable to manage access to the data of said recording medium apparatus (Fig. 2, #208), said access manager being operable to judge whether or not to approve the access from the information of said data manager, along with a kind of access (col. 2, lines 12-25), and to secure a transmission band for accessing the data, when the access is approved (Fig. 5, #506),
- e. Wherein said nodes query said access manager, in accessing said recording medium apparatus, whether or not the access can be approved, and act in accordance with the response of said access manager (Fig. 4-8).
- 17. He does not expressly disclose an access manager being operable to judge whether or not to approve the access based at least in part on a band state of the network and a band state of an interface of said recording medium apparatus. Taniguchi teaches a method (see abstract) of handling data access (col. 1, lines 5-22) in which transfer is controlled through load balancing techniques (col. 1, line 65 col. 2, line 10) in which access is controlled based upon the state of the network and requesting node, and upon the priority of the information and requesting node (col. 2, lines 18-65). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that He needs to control access not just for security concerns but also for quality of service concerns, thereby ensuring that the requested data will be transmitted and received without error (He, col. 5, lines 55-65) and to help protect against denial of service attacks (He, col. 5, line 65 col. 6, line 10).

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- 18. Claim 2 is drawn to the limitations in claim 1. Claim 2 also contains an access channel manager operable to establish an access channel by control of said access manager, when access to the data cannot be done by an ordinary channel, which He also teaches (Fig. 2, #206).

 Therefore, since claim 1 is rejected, claim 2 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 19. For claim 7, He teaches that said access manager means is further operable to judge, when an access request to data has been received from any one of the nodes, whether or not to approve the access based on information from said access state manager, and to send back the result of judgment (Fig. 5, #504-514).
- 20. Claim 8 is drawn to the limitations in claim 7. Therefore, since claim 7 is rejected, claim 8 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 21. For claim 9, He teaches that said access manager is further operable to send, when sending access approval as a result of judging whether or not to approve the access, said result of judgment after securing a transmission band for accessing (Fig. 6, #604, #608).
- 22. Claim 10 is drawn to the limitations in claim 9. Therefore, since claim 9 is rejected, claim 10 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 23. For claim 11, He teaches that said access manager is further operable to control said access channel manager to establish the access channel (col. 14, lines 18-34), but does not expressly disclose that access manager is operable, to manage load status of the network, and to acquire the network load status as stored in said access channel manager. Taniguchi teaches this limitation (col. 9, lines 18-47). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have combined the two inventions in order to ensure reliable transfers of data (col. 1, lines 25-65).

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- 24. For claim 12, He does not expressly disclose that said access manager is operable to control a predetermined node to secure in advance a transmission band required for access to a recording medium apparatus allocated to said predetermined node. Taniguchi teaches this limitation (Fig. 4, #A2). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have added this limitation to ensure a smooth transmission rate (col. 3, lines 20-27).
- 25. Claim 13 is drawn to the limitations in claim 12. Therefore, since claim 12 is rejected, claim 13 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 26. For claim 14, He teaches that wherein one of said nodes is operable to send, in accessing said recording medium apparatus, an access request to said access manager, and upon receiving the access request, said access manager is operable to send to said data manager a request for information pertaining to data or said recording medium apparatus, and upon receiving the request for information, said access manager is operable to judge whether or not to approve the access (Fig. 7).
- 27. Claim 15 is drawn to the limitations in claim 14. Therefore, since claim 14 is rejected, claim 15 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 28. For claim 16, He teaches that said access manager is provided in one of said recording medium apparatus or one of said nodes (Fig. 1, col. 1, lines 35-45).
- 29. Claim 17 is drawn to the limitations in claim 16. Therefore, since claim 16 is rejected, claim 17 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 30. For claim 18, He teaches that said data manager is provided in one of said nodes or said recording medium apparatus (col. 4, lines 5-17).

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- 31. Claim 19 is drawn to the limitations in claim 18. Therefore, since claim 18 is rejected, claim 19 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 32. For claim 20, He does not expressly disclose that said access manager is further operable to control said access channel manager and to cut off the access channel. Taniguchi teaches these limitations (Fig. 19). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have added such a cutoff to He in order to handle troubles and interruptions (col. 24, lines 35-41).
- 33. For claim 21, He teaches that said access channel manager is further operable to control configuration and access state of the network connected to each port of said access channel manager (col. 14, line 45 col. 15, line 10).
- 34. Claims 30 and 31 contain limitations already drawn in claims 1 and 2, respectively. Therefore, they are rejected for the reasons above, and must be amended or cancelled.
- 35. Claims 33 and 34 contain limitations already drawn in claims 1 and 2, respectively. Therefore, they are rejected for the reasons above, and must be amended or cancelled.
- 36. For claim 37, He teaches that the network management system further comprises:
 - a. Wherein the network is comprised of a first network and a second network (Fig. 3, #106 and #302),
 - b. Wherein said plurality of nodes are coupled with the first and second networks (Fig. 3, #102),
 - c. Wherein said data manager and said access manager are coupled with the first network (Fig. 3, #202-206, top), and

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d. Wherein said recording media apparatus is coupled with the second network (Fig. 3, #102, bottom).

- 37. For claim 38, He does not expressly disclose that there is a plurality of second networks. Taniguchi teaches this limitation (Fig. 1, #14). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have added this limitation in order to link several LANs together, as is well known in the art.
- 38. For claim 39, He does not expressly disclose the particular layout. Taniguchi teaches that the network management system further comprises:
 - a. Wherein the network is comprised of a first network and a plurality of second networks (Fig. 1, #14),
 - b. Wherein said plurality of nodes are coupled with the first network (Fig. 1, #13),
 - c. Wherein said plurality of nodes are additionally coupled with one of the plurality of second networks or said access channel manager (Fig. 1, #12),
 - d. Wherein said data manager and said access manager are coupled with the first network (Fig. 1, #20), and
 - e. Wherein said recording media apparatus is coupled with one of the plurality of second networks or said access channel manager (Fig. 1, #11).
- 39. At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have added this limitation to take advantage of several LAN-linking topologies well known in the art.
- 40. Claims 40 and 41 are drawn to the limitations in claims 1, 16, and 18. Therefore, since claims 1, 16, and 18 are rejected, claims 40 and 41 are also rejected for the reasons above.

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- 41. Claims 22-29, 32, 35, and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over He as applied to claims 1, 2 above, and further in view of Peters et al. (6,374,336).
- 42. For claim 22, He does not expressly disclose that wherein a predetermined node or said data manager manages data management information on the data separately from the data thereby to allow deletion of only the data management information when said predetermined node deletes the data. Peters teaches a system (abstract) that a predetermined node or said data manager (Fig. 1, #42) manages data management information on the data separately from the data (Fig. 1, #49) thereby to allow deletion of only the data management information when said predetermined node deletes said data (Figs. 7 & 8). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have used Peters in the He system to better handle multimedia systems (col. 2, lines 3-5).
- 43. For claim 23, He does not expressly disclose that access to the data deleted by said predetermined node is made accessible from a node other than said predetermined node. Peters teaches this limitation (Fig. 25). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have used the Peters recovery method in He so that a user would be able to reconstruct lost or damaged files.
- 44. For claim 24, He does not expressly disclose that said recording medium apparatus is divided into video and audio sections each of which is operable to respectively use a separate file system. Peters discloses this limitation (col. 22, lines 4-5). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have added a Peters split disk to He's system in order to produce a system which can transfer multiple, independent high-bandwidth streams of data in a scalable and reliable manner (col. 2, lines 52-60).

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- 45. Claim 25 is drawn to the limitations in claim 24. Therefore, since claim 24 is rejected, claim 25 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 46. Claim 26 is drawn to the limitations in claim 24. Therefore, since claim 24 is rejected, claim 26 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- For claim 27, He does not expressly disclose that data manager is further operable to receive newly generated management information each time writing or deleting of data on said recording medium apparatus is made, and to internally reflect the newly generated management information. Peters teaches this limitation (Fig. 3, #127; Fig. 4). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have used the Peters reference to allow editing of the above information (col. 7, lines 1-15).
- 48. Claim 28 is drawn to the limitations in claim 27. Therefore, since claim 27 is rejected, claim 28 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 49. Claim 29 is drawn to the limitations in claim 27. Therefore, since claim 27 is rejected, claim 29 is also rejected for the reasons above.
- 50. Claims 32 and 35 contain limitations already drawn in claim 1. Therefore, they are rejected for the reasons above, and must be amended or cancelled.
- 51. Claim 36 is drawn to the limitations in claim 22. Therefore, since claim 22 is rejected, claim 36 is also rejected for the reasons above.

Conclusion

52. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melvin H Pollack whose telephone number is (703) 305-4641. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rupal Dharia can be reached on (703) 305-4003. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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MHP 09 July 2004

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